RIDGECREST INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL BOOSTER CLUB EMERGENCY CARD

Club/Sport you are sign	gning up for:		
Student Name (please print):	Grade: _	School Year:
	R AND RELEASE BELOW. I UNDEF ND SIGNING IT VOLUNTARILY.	RSTAND THAT I HAVE GIVE	N UP SUBSTANTIAL
Parent/Guardian Signature	Student	Participant Signature	
Parent E-Mail:			
Printed Name of parent and	guardian	Date _	
Emergency Information: In	n case of emergency, please print the	name and telephone number	er of two contact people.
1. Name	Relationship	Telephone	
2. Name	Relationship	Telephone	
Please list your personal ph	ysician, dentist and telephone numbe	ers.	
Doctor	Dentist	Hospital	
Telephone	Telephone	Telephone _	
Student wears contacts? Y	es No		
** Allergies, special medic	cations or pertinent information:		
emergency care for my child shoul	an not be reached, permission is hereby given d serious illness or injury occur during any Boc	ster Club activity.	pital designated above to provide
Mother Name	Address	Home phone	Work phone
Father Name	Address	Home phone	Work phone
Student Name	Address	Home phone	
	SH MYERS & STEVENS STUDENT ACCIDEN' Date Purchased	T & HEALTH INSURANCE PLANS	Available for purchase)
	SH MY OWN PERSONAL INSURANCE COMP Name of Insurance Company		
possible. Be aware that there are (athletic/recreation) activities. Part or property associated with particip responsible for any loss, damage, use of intermural and intramural fa	ol Booster Club works hard to insure the safes risks and hazards, minor and serious, associat ticipants and their parents voluntarily assume a pation in sports activities. The Ridgecrest Intermillness, or injury to persons or property arising cilities and equipment. The Ridgecrest Intermipurchasing adequate health/medical insurance	ed with participation in intermural ar ill responsibility and risk of loss, dan mediate School Booster Club, its off out of or relating to participation in c ediate School Booster Club does no	ad intramural sports hage, illness, and/or injury to person icers, and instructors are not lub or sports activities, including the t provide medical, health, or other
I have read and understood this He	ealth/Safety Message in its entirety.		
Parent/Guardian Signature		Date	

Rev. 4-25-11

Student Name _____

PALOS VERDES PENINSULA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Concussion Information Sheet

What can happen if my child keeps on playing with a concussion or returns to soon?

Athletes with the signs and symptoms of concussion should be removed from play immediately. Continuing to play with the signs and symptoms of a concussion leaves the young athlete especially vulnerable to greater injury. There is an increased risk of significant damage from a concussion for a period of time after that concussion occurs, particularly if the athlete suffers another concussion before completely recovering from the first one. This can lead to prolonged recovery, or even to severe brain swelling (second impact syndrome) with devastating and even fatal consequences. It is well known that adolescent or teenage athlete will often under report symptoms of injuries. And concussions are no different. As a result, education of administrators, coaches, parents and students is the key for student-athlete's safety.

If you think your child has suffered a concussion

Any athlete even suspected of suffering a concussion should be removed from the game or practice immediately. No athlete may return to activity after an apparent head injury or concussion, regardless of how mild it seems or how quickly symptoms clear, without medical clearance. Close observation of the athlete should continue for several hours. The new CIF Bylaw 313 now requires implementation of long and well-established return to play concussion guidelines that have been recommended for several years:

"A student-athlete who is suspected of sustaining a concussion or head injury in a practice or game shall be removed from competition at that time and for the remainder of the day."

and

"A student-athlete who has been removed may not return to play until the athlete is evaluated by a licensed heath care provider trained in the evaluation and management of concussion and received written clearance to return to play from that health care provider".

You should also inform your child's coach if you think that your child may have a concussion Remember its better to miss one game than miss the whole season. And when in doubt, the athlete sits out.

For current and up-to-date information on concussions you can go to:

http://www.	cdc.gov/ConcussionInYouthSports/	J	
Student-athlete Name Printed	Student-athlete Signature	Date	
Parent or Legal Guardian Printed	Parent or Legal Guardian Signature		Date

Adapted from the CDC and the 3rd International Conference on Concussion in Sport Document created 5/20/2010

PALOS VERDES PENINSULA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Concussion Information Sheet

A concussion is a brain injury and all brain injuries are serious. They are caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head, or by a blow to another part of the body with the force transmitted to the head. They can range from mild to severe and can disrupt the way the brain normally works. Even though most concussions are mild, all concussions are potentially serious and may result in complications including prolonged brain damage and death if not recognized and managed properly. In other words, even a "ding" or a bump on the head can be serious. You can't see a concussion and most sports concussions occur without loss of consciousness. Signs and symptoms of concussion may show up right after the injury or can take hours or days to fully appear. If your child reports any symptoms of concussion, or if you notice the symptoms or signs of concussion yourself, seek medical attention right away.

Symptoms may include one or more of the following:

- Headaches
- "Pressure in head"
- Nausea or vomiting
- Neck pain
- Balance problems or dizziness
- Blurred, double, or fuzzy vision
- Sensitivity to light or noise
- Feeling sluggish or slowed down
- Feeling foggy or groggy
- Drowsiness
- Change in sleep patterns

- Amnesia
- "Don't feel right"
- Fatigue or low energy
- Sadness
- Nervousness or anxiety
- Irritability
- More emotional
- Confusion
- Concentration or memory problems (forgetting game plays)
- Repeating the same question/comment

Signs observed by teammates, parents and coaches include:

- Appears dazed
- Vacant facial expression
- Confused about assignment
- Forgets plays
- Is unsure of game, score, or opponent
- Moves clumsily or displays incoordination
- Answers questions slowly
- Slurred speech
- Shows behavior or personality changes
- Can't recall events prior to hit
- Can't recall events after hit.
- Seizures or convulsions
- Any change in typical behavior or personality
- Loses consciousness